

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): August 5, 2026

NOVELIS INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Canada

(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)

001-32312

(Commission File No.)

98-0442987

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

**3550 Peachtree Road NE, Suite 1100
Atlanta, GA**

(Address of principal executive offices)

30326

(Zip Code)

(404) 760-4000

(Registrant's Telephone Number, Including Area Code)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

The following information, including Exhibit 99.1, is furnished pursuant to Item 2.02, “Results of Operations and Financial Condition.” Consequently, it is not deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. It may only be incorporated by reference in another filing under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or Securities Act of 1933 if such subsequent filing specifically references this Form 8-K.

On August 5, 2026, Novelis Inc. issued a press release reporting the company’s financial results for its fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2026. A copy of the press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated by reference herein in its entirety. The press release uses the following non-GAAP financial measures: Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA per tonne, Adjusted Free Cash Flow, Net Income From Continuing Operations Excluding Special Items, Liquidity, and Net Leverage Ratio.

Adjusted EBITDA. EBITDA consists of earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA further adjusts EBITDA by measures commonly used in the company’s industry. The company defines Adjusted EBITDA as: earnings before (a) depreciation and amortization; (b) interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs; (c) interest income; (d) unrealized gains (losses) on change in fair value of derivative instruments, net, except for foreign currency remeasurement hedging activities, which are included in Adjusted EBITDA; (e) impairment of goodwill; (f) (gain) loss on extinguishment of debt, net; (g) noncontrolling interests’ share; (h) adjustments to reconcile our proportional share of Adjusted EBITDA from non-consolidated affiliates to income as determined on the equity method of accounting; (i) restructuring and impairment expenses (reversals), net; (j) gains or losses on disposals of property, plant and equipment and businesses, net; (k) other costs, net; (l) litigation settlement, net of insurance recoveries; (m) sale transaction fees; (n) income tax provision (benefit); (o) cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax; (p) metal price lag; (q) business acquisition and other related costs; (r) purchase price accounting adjustments; (s) income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax; (t) loss on sale of discontinued operations, net of tax; and (u) start-up costs. The company presents Adjusted EBITDA to enhance investors’ understanding of the company’s operating performance. Novelis believes that Adjusted EBITDA is an operating performance measure, and not a liquidity measure, that provides investors and analysts with a measure of operating results unaffected by differences in capital structures, capital investment cycles and ages of related assets among otherwise comparable companies.

Beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2026, the Company excludes non-capitalizable start-up costs associated with the commissioning, pre-production, and production ramp-up at the Bay Minette, Alabama plant. The Bay Minette, Alabama plant is the first fully integrated aluminum mill built in the U.S. in over 40 years and is expected to have an annual rolled aluminum production capacity of 600 kt once completed and at normal production capacity. As a result, non-capitalizable start-up costs will have a significant impact on the comparability of reported Adjusted EBITDA during the period of commissioning, pre-production, and production ramp-up. Given the nature of the related costs and activities, management does not view these as normal, recurring operating expenses, but rather as non-recurring investments to commission and ramp up production at the new plant. Excluding such start-up costs maintains comparability of Adjusted EBITDA among periods, which is useful to investors and reflects how management evaluates the Company’s operating performance. The Company will cease excluding such start-up costs from its Adjusted EBITDA once normal production capacity is achieved at the Bay Minette plant.

Adjusted EBITDA is not a measurement of financial performance under GAAP, and the company’s Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. Adjusted EBITDA has important limitations as analytical tools, and investors should not consider it in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of the company’s results as reported under GAAP. For example, Adjusted EBITDA:

- does not reflect the company’s cash expenditures or requirements for capital expenditures or capital commitments;
 - does not reflect changes in, or cash requirements for, the company’s working capital needs; and
 - does not reflect any costs related to the current or future replacement of assets being depreciated and amortized.
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Management believes that investors' understanding of the company's performance is enhanced by including non-GAAP financial measures as a reasonable basis for comparing the company's ongoing results of operations. Many investors are interested in understanding the performance of the company's business by comparing its results from ongoing operations from one period to the next and would ordinarily add back items that are not part of normal day-to-day operations of the company's business. By providing non-GAAP financial measures, together with reconciliations, the company believes it is enhancing investors' understanding of its business and its results of operations, as well as assisting investors in evaluating how well it is executing strategic initiatives.

Additionally, the company's senior secured credit facilities, 3.25% senior notes due 2026, 3.375% senior notes due 2029, 4.75% senior notes due 2030, 6.875% senior notes due 2030, 3.875% senior notes due 2031, and 6.375% senior notes due 2033 provide for adjustments to EBITDA, which may decrease or increase Adjusted EBITDA for purposes of compliance with certain covenants under such facilities and notes. The company also uses Adjusted EBITDA:

- as a measure of operating performance to assist the company in comparing its operating performance on a consistent basis because it removes the impact of items not directly resulting from the company's core operations;
- for planning purposes, including the preparation of the company's internal annual operating budgets and financial projections;
- to evaluate the performance and effectiveness of the company's operational strategies; and
- to calculate incentive compensation payments for the company's key employees.

Adjusted EBITDA per tonne. Adjusted EBITDA per tonne is calculated by dividing Adjusted EBITDA by aluminum rolled product shipments (in tonnes) for the corresponding period, both on a consolidated basis and at a segment level. The term "aluminum rolled products" is synonymous with the terms "flat-rolled products" and "FRP," which are commonly used by manufacturers and third-party analysts in our industry. Shipment amounts also include tolling shipments. Adjusted EBITDA per tonne is calculated using aluminum rolled product shipments rather than total shipments because the incremental impact of non-rolled products shipments on our Adjusted EBITDA is marginal since the price of these products is generally set to cover the costs of raw materials not utilized in manufacturing products sold to beverage packaging customers, specialties and aerospace customers in our regions, and these non-rolled products are not part of our core operating business. All tonnages are stated in metric tonnes. One metric tonne is equivalent to 2,204.6 pounds. One kt is 1,000 metric tonnes.

We believe that Adjusted EBITDA per tonne is relevant to investors as it provides a consistent measure of operating performance, because it mitigates the impact of shipment volume variability and removes the impact of items not directly resulting from our core operations.

Adjusted Free Cash Flow. Adjusted free cash flow consists of: (a) net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - continuing operations, (b) plus net cash provided by (used in) investing activities - continuing operations, (c) plus net cash provided by (used in) operating activities - discontinued operations, (d) plus net cash provided by (used in) investing activities - discontinued operations, (e) plus cash used in the acquisition of assets under a finance lease, (f) plus cash used in the acquisition of business and other investments, net of cash acquired, (g) plus accrued merger consideration, (h) less proceeds from sales of assets and business, net of transaction fees, cash income taxes and hedging, and (i) less proceeds from sales of assets and business, net of transaction fees, cash income taxes and hedging - discontinued operations. Management believes adjusted free cash flow is relevant to investors as it provides a measure of the cash generated internally that is available for debt service and other value creation opportunities. In addition, management uses this measure as a key consideration in determining the amounts to be paid as returns to our common shareholder. However, adjusted free cash flow does not necessarily represent cash available for discretionary activities, as certain debt service obligations must be funded out of adjusted free cash flow. Our method of calculating Adjusted free cash flow may not be consistent with that of other companies.

Net Income Attributable to our Common Shareholder Excluding Special Items. Net income attributable to our common shareholder excluding special items adjusts net income attributable to our common shareholder for restructuring and impairment charges, loss on extinguishment of debt, metal price lag, gains (losses) on sale of assets held for sale, gains (losses) on sale of a business, business acquisition and other related costs, purchase price accounting adjustments, charitable donation, other exceptional, unusual or generally non-recurring items, and the tax effect of such items. We adjust for items which may recur in varying magnitude which affect the comparability

of the operational results of our underlying business. Novelis believes that net income attributable to our common shareholder excluding special items enhances the overall understanding of the company's current financial performance. Specifically, management believes this non-GAAP financial measure provides useful information to investors by excluding or adjusting certain items, which impact the comparability of the company's core operating results. With respect to gains (losses) on sale of assets held for sale, gains (losses) on sale of a business, business acquisition and other integration related costs, purchase price accounting adjustments, charitable donations, other exceptional, unusual or generally non-recurring items, and the tax effect of such special items, management believes these excluded items are not reflective of fixed costs that the company believes it will incur over the long term. Management also adjusts for loss on extinguishment of debt, metal price lag and restructuring and impairment charges to enhance the comparability of the company's operating results between periods. However, the company has recorded similar charges in prior periods. The company may incur additional restructuring charges in connection with ongoing restructuring initiatives announced previously and may also incur additional restructuring and impairment charges in connection with future streamlining measures. The company may also incur additional impairment charges unrelated to restructuring initiatives. Beginning in the first quarter of fiscal 2026, the Company excludes non-capitalizable start-up costs associated with the commissioning, pre-production, and production ramp-up at the Bay Minette, Alabama plant. Net income attributable to our common shareholder excluding special items should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, results prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

Liquidity. Liquidity consists of cash and cash equivalents plus availability under our committed credit facilities. In addition to presenting available cash and cash equivalents, management believes that presenting Liquidity enhances investors' understanding of the liquidity that is actually available to the company. This financial measure should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, results prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

All information in the news release and the presentation materials speak as of the date thereof, and Novelis does not assume any obligation to update said information in the future.

Net Leverage Ratio. Net Leverage Ratio is a financial measure that is used by management to assess the borrowing capacity of the company and management believes it is useful to investors for the same reason. The company defines its Net Leverage Ratio as (a) adjusted net debt (current portion of long-term debt plus short-term borrowings plus long-term debt, net of current portion, plus unamortized carrying value adjustments, less cash and cash equivalents) as of the balance sheet date divided by (b) Adjusted EBITDA for the trailing twelve-month period. This financial measure should be considered in addition to, and not as a substitute for or superior to, results prepared in accordance with US GAAP.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

Exhibit No.	Description
99.1	Press release, dated August 5, 2026 (furnished to the Commission as a part of this Form 8-K).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

NOVELIS INC.

Date: August 5, 2026

By: /s/ Chirag Shah

Name: Chirag Shah

Title: Chief Legal Officer and Secretary



News Release

Novelis Reports First Quarter Fiscal Year 2027 Results

Q1 Fiscal Year 2027 Highlights

- Net income attributable to our common shareholder of \$164 million, up 71% YoY. Net income attributable to our common shareholder, excluding special items, was \$265 million, up 128% YoY
- Adjusted EBITDA of \$516 million, up 24% YoY
- Rolled product shipments of 916 kilotonnes, down 5% YoY
- Adjusted EBITDA per tonne shipped of \$563, up 30% YoY
- Oswego hot mill resumed operations in early June

ATLANTA, August 5, 2026 – Novelis Inc., a leading sustainable aluminum solutions provider and the world leader in aluminum rolling and recycling, today reported results for the first quarter of fiscal year 2027.

"We are pleased to start the new fiscal year on a positive note, supported by strong execution, favorable market trends and continued demand for sustainable aluminum solutions," said Steve Fisher, president and CEO, Novelis Inc. "Momentum continues to build, buoyed by the successful restart of the Oswego hot mill in early June. At the same time, the initial commissioning of key assets at Bay Minette represents another important step in strengthening our operational capabilities and positioning Novelis for its next phase of growth."

First Quarter Fiscal Year 2027 Financial Highlights

Net sales for the first quarter of fiscal year 2027 increased 23% versus the prior year period to \$5.8 billion. The increase was primarily due to higher average aluminum prices, partially offset by a 5% decrease in total rolled product shipments to 916 kilotonnes, driven mainly by an estimated 33 kilotonne negative shipment impact related to the Oswego production disruption from the fires in fiscal year 2026.

Net income attributable to our common shareholder was \$164 million in the first quarter of fiscal year 2027, a 71% increase from the prior year period. The increase was due primarily to favorable metal price lag resulting from higher metal prices, partially offset by \$265 million in pre-tax net losses related to the Oswego fires. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA increased 24% year-over-year to \$516 million in the first quarter of fiscal year 2027, driven primarily by lower aluminum scrap prices and cost efficiencies, which were partially offset by higher net tariffs. The estimated impact from the Oswego fires in Adjusted EBITDA is an \$18 million benefit, as the favorable timing of insurance proceeds more than offset the estimated negative impact of production interruptions in the quarter. Net income attributable to our common shareholder, excluding special items, increased 128% year-over-year to \$265 million.

Net cash used in operating activities was an outflow of \$455 million in the first quarter of fiscal year 2027, compared to a net cash inflow of \$105 million in the prior year period, largely related to higher working capital from rising aluminum prices and impacts from the Oswego fires, net of insurance recoveries. Adjusted free cash flow was an outflow of \$1.1 billion in the current year period, compared to the prior year period outflow of \$295 million. The reduction in adjusted free cash flow is mainly driven by lower operating cash flow, as well as higher capital expenditures related to the Company's U.S. greenfield rolling and recycling plant in Bay Minette, Alabama, which has begun the commissioning process.

The Company had a net leverage ratio (Adjusted Net Debt / trailing twelve months (TTM) Adjusted EBITDA) of 4.5x at the end of the first quarter of fiscal year 2027. Total liquidity stood at \$2.1 billion as of June 30, 2026, consisting of \$1.1 billion in cash and cash equivalents and \$1.0 billion in availability under committed credit facilities.

"With Oswego back online and Bay Minette's commissioning process getting underway, we are confident in our expectation to return to positive free cash flow in the fourth quarter of this fiscal year," said Dev Ahuja, executive vice president and CFO, Novelis Inc. "Supported by ongoing cost discipline, expected insurance recoveries, and the continued strength of the underlying business, we anticipate beginning to deleverage as capital spending normalizes following the Bay Minette startup."

Update on Recovery at Oswego Plant

In September 2025, a fire broke out at the Novelis plant in Oswego, New York. In November 2025, a second significant fire occurred at the Oswego plant in a location where repair work from the September fire was taking place. Everyone working at the plant was safely evacuated and there were no injuries to employees, contractors or first responders during either event. Both fire events were contained to the hot mill area and did not impact the rest of the plant.

The Oswego hot mill restarted operations in early June, and production activities are ramping up to support pent-up demand and normalize shipments.

First Quarter and Full Fiscal Year 2027 Earnings Conference Call

Novelis will discuss its first quarter and full fiscal year 2027 results via a live webcast and conference call for investors at 7:00 a.m. EST/4:30 p.m. IST on Wednesday, August 5, 2026. The webcast link, presentation materials and access information can also be found at novelis.com/investors. To view slides and listen to the live webcast, visit: <https://event.choruscall.com/mediaframe/webcast.html?webcastid=S1VxXbZR>. To participate by telephone, participants are requested to register at: <http://services.incommconferencing.com/DiamondPassRegistration/register?confirmationNumber=13761757&linkSecurityString=1f2c5acadd>.

About Novelis

Novelis Inc. is driven by its purpose of shaping a sustainable world together. We are a global leader in the production of innovative aluminum products and solutions and the world's largest recycler of aluminum. Our ambition is to be the leading provider of low-carbon, sustainable aluminum solutions and to achieve a fully circular economy by partnering with our suppliers, as well as our customers in the aerospace, automotive, beverage packaging and specialties industries throughout North America, Europe, Asia and South America. Novelis had net sales of \$18.4 billion in fiscal year 2026. Novelis is a subsidiary of Hindalco Industries Limited, an industry leader in aluminum and copper, and the metals flagship company of the Aditya Birla Group, a multinational conglomerate based in Mumbai. For more information, visit novelis.com.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

This news release and the presentation slides for the earnings call contain non-GAAP financial measures as defined by SEC rules. We believe these measures are helpful to investors in measuring our financial performance and liquidity and comparing our performance to our peers. However, our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled non-GAAP financial measures used by other companies. These non-GAAP financial measures have limitations as an analytical tool and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for GAAP financial measures. To the extent we discuss any non-GAAP financial measures on the earnings call, a reconciliation of each measure to the most directly comparable GAAP measure will be available in the presentation slides, which can be found at novelis.com/investors. In addition, the Form 8-K includes a more detailed description of each of these non-GAAP financial measures, together with a discussion of the usefulness and purpose of such measures.

Attached to this news release are tables showing the condensed consolidated statements of operations, condensed consolidated balance sheets, condensed consolidated statements of cash flows, reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA, Adjusted EBITDA per Tonne, Adjusted Free Cash Flow, Net Leverage Ratio, Net Income attributable to our common shareholder excluding Special Items, and segment information.

Forward-Looking Statements

Statements made in this news release which describe Novelis' intentions, expectations, beliefs or predictions may be forward-looking within the meaning of securities laws. Forward-looking statements include statements preceded by, followed by, or including the words "believes," "expects," "anticipates," "plans," "estimates," "projects," "forecasts," or similar expressions. Examples of forward-looking statements in this news release are: our confidence in a continued strong market and our ability to capture demand, the commissioning, startup timing, operational performance and expected benefits of the Bay Minette plant; anticipated insurance recoveries and the impacts of the Oswego fires, future shipments, and our expectations regarding future financial results, including related to our future free cash flow and our anticipation of potential deleveraging following the commissioning of the Bay Minette plant. Novelis cautions that, by their nature, forward-looking statements involve risk and uncertainty and Novelis' actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. We do not intend, and we disclaim any obligation, to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Factors that could cause actual results or outcomes to differ from the results expressed or implied by forward-looking statements include, among other things: disruptions or changes in the business or financial condition of our significant customers or the loss of their business or reduction in their requirements; impact of changes in trade policies, new tariffs, duties and other trade measures; price and other forms of competition from other aluminum

rolled products producers and potential new market entrants; the competitiveness of our end-markets, and the willingness of our customer to accept substitutes for our products, including steel, plastics, composite materials and glass; our failure to realize the anticipated benefits of strategic investments; increases in the cost or volatility in the availability of primary aluminum, scrap aluminum, sheet ingot, or other raw materials used in the production of our products; risks related to the energy-intensive nature of our operations, including increases to energy costs or disruptions to our energy supplies; downturns in the automotive and ground transportation industries or changes in consumer demand; union disputes and other employee relations issues; the impact of labor disputes and strikes on our customers; loss of our key management and other personnel, or an inability to attract and retain such management and other personnel; unplanned disruptions at our operating facilities, including as a result of adverse weather phenomena, fires or other force majeure events; economic uncertainty, capital markets disruption and supply chain interruptions; unexpected impact of public health crises on our business, suppliers, and customers; risks relating to certain joint ventures, subsidiaries and assets that we do not entirely control; risks related to fluctuations in freight costs; risks related to rising inflation and prolonged periods of elevated interest rates; risks related to timing differences between the prices we pay under purchase contracts and metal prices we charge our customers; a deterioration of our financial condition, a downgrade of our ratings by a credit rating agency or other factors which could limit our ability to enter into, or increase our costs of, financing and hedging transactions; risk of rising debt service obligations related to variable rate indebtedness; adverse changes in currency exchange rates; our inability to transact in derivative instruments, or our inability to adequately hedge our exposure to price fluctuations under derivative instruments, or a failure of counterparties to our derivative instruments to honor their agreement; an adverse decline in the liability discount rate, lower-than-expected investment return on pension assets; impairments to our goodwill, other intangible assets, and other long-lived assets; tax expense, tax liabilities or tax compliance costs; risks related to the operating and financial restrictions imposed on us by the covenants in our credit facilities and the indentures governing our Senior Notes; cybersecurity attacks against, disruptions, failures or security breaches and other disruptions to our information technology networks and systems; risks of failing to comply with federal, state and foreign laws and regulations and industry standards relating to privacy, data protection, advertising and consumer protection; our inability to protect our intellectual property, the confidentiality of our know-how, trade secrets, technology, and other proprietary information; risks related to our global operations, including the impact of complex and stringent laws and government regulations; risks related to global climate change, including legal, regulatory or market responses to such change; risks related to a broad range of environmental, health and safety laws and regulations; and risks related to potential legal proceedings or investigations. The above list of factors is not exhaustive. Other important factors are discussed under the captions "Risk Factors" and "Management's Discussion and Analysis" in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2026 and as the same may be updated from time to time in our quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, or in other reports which we from time to time file with the SEC.

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Novelis Inc.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (unaudited)

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
Net sales	\$ 5,793	\$ 4,717
Cost of goods sold (exclusive of depreciation and amortization)	4,865	4,076
Selling, general and administrative expenses	181	175
Depreciation and amortization	150	148
Interest expense and amortization of debt issuance costs	70	67
Research and development expenses	21	22
Restructuring and impairment expenses, net	19	85
Equity in net income of non-consolidated affiliates	—	(1)
Other expenses (income), net	259	(1)
	5,565	4,571
Income before income tax provision	228	146
Income tax provision	64	50
Net income	164	96
Net income attributable to our common shareholder	\$ 164	\$ 96

Novelis Inc.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (unaudited)

(in millions, except number of shares)	June 30, 2026	March 31, 2026
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,105	\$ 1,254
Accounts receivable, net		
— third parties (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$7 as of June 30, 2026, and March 31, 2026)	3,053	2,538
— related parties	305	197
Inventories	5,201	4,401
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	382	354
Fair value of derivative instruments	418	234
Assets held for sale	15	15
Total current assets	10,479	8,993
Property, plant and equipment, net	9,390	8,811
Goodwill	1,079	1,079
Intangible assets, net	429	442
Investment in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates	954	961
Deferred income tax assets	324	359
Other long-term assets		
— third parties	298	295
— related parties	6	6
Total assets	\$ 22,959	\$ 20,946
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 56	\$ 54
Short-term borrowings	2,284	1,305
Accounts payable		
— third parties	5,811	4,985
— related parties	421	334
Fair value of derivative instruments	330	824
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	737	780
Total current liabilities	9,639	8,282
Long-term debt, net of current portion	6,567	6,551
Deferred income tax liabilities	223	139
Accrued postretirement benefits	470	485
Other long-term liabilities	303	305
Total liabilities	17,202	15,762
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholder's equity		
Common stock, no par value; unlimited number of shares authorized; 606,333,333 shares issued and outstanding as of June 30, 2026, and March 31, 2026	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	2,023	2,023
Retained earnings	3,934	3,770
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(211)	(621)
Total equity of our common shareholder	5,746	5,172
Noncontrolling interest	11	12
Total equity	5,757	5,184
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 22,959	\$ 20,946

Novelis Inc.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (unaudited)

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income	\$ 164	\$ 96
Adjustments to determine net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	150	148
Gain on unrealized derivatives and other realized derivatives in investing activities, net	(108)	(8)
(Gain) loss on sale of assets, net	(2)	2
Non-cash restructuring and impairment charges	—	54
Deferred income taxes, net	(29)	6
Equity in net income of non-consolidated affiliates	—	(1)
Loss on foreign exchange remeasurement of debt	—	20
Amortization of debt issuance costs and carrying value adjustments	6	4
Other, net	(1)	—
Changes in assets and liabilities including assets and liabilities held for sale:		
Accounts receivable	(649)	20
Inventories	(818)	(132)
Accounts payable	1,026	(59)
Other assets	(176)	12
Other liabilities	(18)	(57)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (455)	\$ 105
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital expenditures	\$ (775)	\$ (386)
Proceeds from sales of assets, third party, net of transaction fees and hedging	3	—
Outflows from investment in and advances to non-consolidated affiliates, net	(9)	(4)
Proceeds (outflows) from the settlement of derivative instruments, net	9	(13)
Proceeds from insurance claims	93	—
Other	3	3
Net cash used in investing activities	\$ (676)	\$ (400)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from issuance of long-term and short-term borrowings	\$ 75	\$ 463
Principal payments of long-term and short-term borrowings	(79)	(4)
Revolving credit facilities and other, net	986	(105)
Debt issuance costs	(7)	(8)
Return of capital to our common shareholder	—	(35)
Net cash provided by financing activities	\$ 975	\$ 311
Net (decrease) increase in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(156)	16
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	6	22
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash — beginning of period	1,261	1,041
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash — end of period	\$ 1,111	\$ 1,079
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,105	\$ 1,074
Restricted cash (included in other long-term assets)	6	5
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash — end of period	\$ 1,111	\$ 1,079

Reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to Net Income Attributable to our Common Shareholder (unaudited)

The following table reconciles Adjusted EBITDA, a non-GAAP financial measure, to net income attributable to our common shareholder.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,		Year Ended	TTM Ended ⁽¹⁾
	2026	2025	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2026
Net income attributable to our common shareholder	\$ 164	\$ 96	\$ 15	\$ 83
Income tax provision	64	50	1	15
Interest, net	64	62	245	247
Depreciation and amortization	150	148	616	618
EBITDA	\$ 442	\$ 356	\$ 877	\$ 963
Adjustment to reconcile proportional consolidation	\$ 14	\$ 14	\$ 55	\$ 55
Unrealized (gains) losses on change in fair value of derivative instruments, net	(78)	8	77	(9)
Realized gains on derivative instruments not included in Adjusted EBITDA	(2)	(3)	(8)	(7)
Gain on sale of business	—	—	(7)	(7)
Loss on extinguishment of debt, net	—	—	3	3
Restructuring and impairment expenses, net ⁽²⁾	19	85	195	129
(Gain) loss on sale or disposal of assets, net	(2)	2	(5)	(9)
Metal price lag	(173)	(69)	(515)	(619)
Sierre flood losses, net of recoveries ⁽³⁾	—	6	(27)	(33)
September and November Oswego fires losses, net of recoveries ⁽⁴⁾	265	—	925	1,190
Start-up costs ⁽⁵⁾	21	5	38	54
Other, net	10	12	37	35
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 516	\$ 416	\$ 1,645	\$ 1,745

(1) The amounts in the TTM column are calculated by taking the amounts for the year ended March 31, 2026, subtracting the amounts for the three months ended June 30, 2025, and adding the amounts for the three months ended June 30, 2026.

(2) Restructuring and impairment expenses, net for the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 include \$15 million and \$83 million, respectively, related to the 2025 Efficiency Plan.

(3) Sierre flood losses, net of recoveries relate to non-recurring non-operating charges from exceptional flooding at our Sierre, Switzerland, plant in June 2024, caused by unprecedented heavy rainfall, net of the related property insurance recoveries.

(4) September and November Oswego fires losses, net of recoveries relate to non-recurring non-operating charges from two significant fires at our Oswego, New York, plant.

(5) Start-up costs are related to the construction of a rolling and recycling plant in Bay Minette, Alabama. All of these costs are included in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

The following table presents the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA per tonne.

	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
Adjusted EBITDA (in millions) (numerator)	\$ 516	\$ 416
Rolled product shipments (in kt) (denominator)	916	963
Adjusted EBITDA per tonne	\$ 563	\$ 432

Adjusted Free Cash Flow (unaudited)

The following table reconciles Adjusted Free Cash Flow, a non-GAAP financial measure, to net cash provided by operating activities - continuing operations.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities ⁽¹⁾	\$ (455)	\$ 105
Net cash used in investing activities ⁽¹⁾	(676)	(400)
Less: Proceeds from sales of assets and business, net of transaction fees, cash income taxes and hedging	(3)	—
Adjusted Free Cash Flow	<u>\$ (1,134)</u>	<u>\$ (295)</u>

(1) For the three months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, the Company did not have any cash flows from discontinued operations in operating activities or investing activities.

Net Leverage Ratio (unaudited)

The following table reconciles long-term debt, net of current portion to Adjusted Net Debt.

(in millions)	June 30, 2026	March 31, 2026
Long-term debt, net of current portion	\$ 6,567	\$ 6,551
Current portion of long-term debt	56	54
Short-term borrowings	2,284	1,305
Unamortized carrying value adjustments	63	68
Cash and cash equivalents	(1,105)	(1,254)
Adjusted Net Debt	<u>\$ 7,865</u>	<u>\$ 6,724</u>

The following table shows the calculation of the Net Leverage Ratio (in millions, except for the Net Leverage Ratio).

	June 30, 2026	March 31, 2026
Adjusted Net Debt (numerator)	\$ 7,865	\$ 6,724
TTM Adjusted EBITDA (denominator)	\$ 1,745	\$ 1,645
Net Leverage Ratio	<u>4.5</u>	<u>4.1</u>

Reconciliation of Net Income Attributable to our Common Shareholder, Excluding Special Items to Net Income Attributable to our Common Shareholder (unaudited)

The following table presents net income attributable to our common shareholder excluding special items, a non-GAAP financial measure. We adjust for items which may recur in varying magnitude which affect the comparability of the operational results of our underlying business.

(in millions)	Three Months Ended June 30,	
	2026	2025
Net income attributable to our common shareholder	\$ 164	\$ 96
Special Items:		
Metal price lag	(173)	(69)
Restructuring and impairment expenses, net	19	85
Sierre flood losses, net of recoveries ⁽¹⁾	—	6
September and November Oswego fires losses, net of recoveries ⁽²⁾	265	—
Start-up costs ⁽³⁾	21	5
Tax effect on special items	(31)	(7)
Net income attributable to our common shareholder, excluding special items	\$ 265	\$ 116

(1) Sierre flood losses, net of recoveries relate to non-recurring non-operating charges from exceptional flooding at our Sierre, Switzerland plant in June 2024 caused by unprecedented heavy rainfall, net of the related property insurance recoveries.

(2) September and November Oswego fires losses, net of recoveries relate to non-recurring non-operating charges from two significant fires at our Oswego, New York plant.

(3) Start-up costs are related to the construction of a rolling and recycling plant in Bay Minette, Alabama. All of these costs are included in Selling, general and administrative expenses.

Segment Information (unaudited)

The following tables present selected segment financial information (in millions, except shipments which are in kilotonnes).

Selected Operating Results Three Months Ended June 30, 2026	North America	Europe	Asia	South America	Eliminations and Other	Total
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 111	\$ 101	\$ 121	\$ 186	\$ (3)	\$ 516

Shipments (in kt)						
Rolled products – third party	376	244	152	144	—	916
Rolled products – intersegment	—	31	80	23	(134)	—
Total rolled products	376	275	232	167	(134)	916

Selected Operating Results Three Months Ended June 30, 2025	North America	Europe	Asia	South America	Eliminations and Other	Total
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 133	\$ 70	\$ 93	\$ 119	\$ 1	\$ 416

Shipments (in kt)						
Rolled products – third party	389	262	164	148	—	963
Rolled products – intersegment	—	—	51	8	(59)	—
Total rolled products	389	262	215	156	(59)	963